

OSHA HazCom Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and GHS Rev 03.

Issue date 01/29/2019

Reviewed on 01/29/2019

Identification · Product Identifier · Trade Name: PERI-BOND (PB-3) Clear · Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: No further relevant information available. · Product Description: Siliconized acrylic caulk · Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet: • Manufacturer/Supplier: Silco Inc. 7635 St. Clair Avenue Mentor, OH 44060 Phone: 440-975-8886 Fax: 440-975-8887 · Emergency telephone number: 440-975-8886 2 Hazard(s) Identification · Classification of the substance or mixture: Health hazard H350 May cause cancer. Carc. 1A Repr. 1B H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. Environment Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation. Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. · Label elements: · GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS). · Hazard pictograms:

GHS07 GHS08 GHS09

- · Signal word: Danger
- *Hazard-determining components of labeling:* BBP Titanium Dioxide



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Quartz (SiO2)				
Chlorothalonil (ISO)				
· Hazard statements:				
H315 Causes skin irritation.				
H319 Causes serio	bus eye irritation.			
H317 May cause a	n allergic skin reaction.			
H350 May cause c	ancer.			
H360 May damage	e fertility or the unborn child.			
H400 Very toxic to	aquatic life.			
H410 Very toxic to	aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Precautionary sta	itements:			
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.			
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.			
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.			
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.			
P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.			
P273	Avoid release to the environment.			
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.			
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.			
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if			
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.			
P321	Specific treatment (see supplementary first aid instructions on this Safety Data Sheet).			
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.			
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.			
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.			
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.			
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
P391 Collect spillage.				
P405	Store locked up.			
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international			
11-1	regulations.			

· Unknown acute toxicity:

This value refers to knowledge of known, established toxicological or ecotoxicological values.

· Classification system: NFPA/HMIS Definitions: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme

• NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)



· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)

HEALTH12Health = *2FIRE1Fire = 1REACTIVITY0Physical Hazard = 0

· Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known

3 Composition/Information on Ingredients

· Chemical characterization: Mixtures

· **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with non-hazardous additions.



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· Dangerous Components:		
CAS: 85-68-7	BBP	25-50%
RTECS: TH 9990000	🗞 Repr. 1B, H360; 🚯 Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
CAS: 1317-65-3	Natural limestone	2-12%
CAS: 13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	2-12%
	🚸 Carc. 2, H351	
CAS: 64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≤2.5%
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; STOT SE 3, H336; Flam. Liq. 4, H227	
CAS: 1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide vPvB	≤2.5%
	Acute Tox. 3, H331; 🕎 Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; 🚯 Acute Tox. 4, H302	
CAS: 1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	≤2.5%
	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Carc. 2, H351; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	
CAS: 127087-87-0	Nonylphenol Polyethylene Ethoxylate	≤2.5%
RTECS: WZ4750000	Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	
CAS: 14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	≤2.5%
RTECS: VV 7330000	♦ Carc. 1A, H350; STOT RE 1, H372;	
Additional information		

Additional information:

The exact percentages of the ingredients of this mixture are considered to be proprietary and are withheld in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (i) of §1910.1200 of 29 CFR 1910.1200 Trade Secrets.

4 First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

• General information:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

• After skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothes and shoes.

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

If skin irritation occurs, consult a doctor.

Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact:

If easy to do so, remove contact lenses if worn.

Rinse opened eye for at least 15 minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

After swallowing:

Do not induce vomitting.

If conscious, rinse mouth with water ensuring that the rinse is not swallowed. Seek medical assistance.

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- · Information for doctor
- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Quartz: Can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Silicosis may be progressive; it may lead to disability and death; inhaled from occupational sources is classified as carcinogenic to humans. Some studies show in workers exposed to respirable quartz excess numbers of cases of scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease, chronic bronchitis and emphysema.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5 Fire-Fighting Measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO₂, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: No further relevant information.
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

- Advice for firefighters
- Special protective equipment for firefighters:

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

Additional information:

Cool fire exposed containers with water.

Do not discharge extinguishing water into the aquatic environment.

6 Accidental Release Measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

• Environmental precautions:

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/surface or ground water.

· Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (i.e. sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Reference to other sections:

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

- See Section 13 for disposal information.
- Protective Action Criteria for Chemicals

· PAC-1:

PAC-1		
85-68-7	BBP	15 mg/m³
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	30 mg/m³
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide	61 ppm
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	30 ppm
9036-19-5	Polyethylene glycol octylphenyl ether	13 mg/m³
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	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	0.13 mg/m ³ 30 mg/m ³
127087-87-0	7087-87-0 Nonylphenol Polyethylene Ethoxylate	
14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)		0.075 mg/m ³
64742-65-0	Petroleum Base Oil	140 mg/m ³
2530-83-8	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	9.3 mg/m³
111-46-6	Diethylene Glycol	6.9 ppm
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	15 mg/m³
25322-68-3	Polyethylene Glycol	30 mg/m³
67762-90-7	Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	120 mg/m ³
PAC-2:		
85-68-7	BBP	77 mg/m ³
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	330 mg/m ³
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide	330 ppm
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	150 ppm
9036-19-5	Polyethylene glycol octylphenyl ether	140 mg/m ³
1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	1.4 mg/m ³
127087-87-0	Nonylphenol Polyethylene Ethoxylate	330 mg/m ³
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	33 mg/m ³
64742-65-0	Petroleum Base Oil	1,500 mg/m ³
2530-83-8	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	100 mg/m ³
111-46-6	Diethylene Glycol	140 ppm
	Dibutyl phthalate	1,600 mg/m ³
25322-68-3	Polyethylene Glycol	1,300 mg/m ³
67762-90-7	Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	1,300 mg/m ³
PAC-3:		
85-68-7	BBP	460 mg/m ³
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	2,000 mg/m ³
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide	2,300 ppm
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	900 ppm
9036-19-5	Polyethylene glycol octylphenyl ether	830 mg/m ³
1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	8.6 mg/m ³
127087-87-0	Nonylphenol Polyethylene Ethoxylate	2,000 mg/m ³
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	200 mg/m ³
64742-65-0	Petroleum Base Oil	8,900 mg/m ³
2530-83-8	[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	230 mg/m ³
111-46-6	Diethylene Glycol	860 ppm
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	9300* mg/m ³
25322-68-3	Polyethylene Glycol	7,700 mg/m ³



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7 Handling and Storage

· Handling

· Precautions for safe handling:

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Wear protective equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing

Do not take internally.

Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Keep out of reach of children.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about protection against explosions and fires: Keep protective respiratory device available.

· Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions: Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
- Specific end use(s): No further relevant information available.

3 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

• Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see section 7.

· Control parameters:

• Components with occupational exposure limits:

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit.

At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

1317-65-3 Na	1317-65-3 Natural limestone		
NIOSH	Short-term value: 5 mg/m ³ Long-term value: 10 mg/m ³		
NIOSH TWA	Short-term value: 5 mg/m ³ Long-term value: 10 mg/m ³ espirable dust		
OSHA	Short-term value: 5 mg/m³ Long-term value: 15 mg/m³		
OSHA TWA	Short-term value: 5 mg/m ³ Long-term value: 15 mg/m ³ espirable fraction		
64742-47-8 Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light			
OSHA PEL	Long-term value: 5 mg/m ³		

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14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)			
PEL	Long-term value: 0.05* mg/m ³ *resp. dust; 30mg/m3/%SiO2+2		
REL	Long-term value: 0.05* mg/m ³ *respirable dust; See Pocket Guide App. A		
TLV	Long-term value: 0.025* mg/m ³ *as respirable fraction		

· Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation of this SDS were used as basis.

• Exposure controls:

Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS. Where acceptable concentrations cannot be maintained by general mechanical ventilation, local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

· Personal protective equipment

General protective and hygienic measures:

Do not smoke around this product.

Do not eat or drink while handling product.

The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Breathing equipment:



NIOSH/OSHA or EN approved respiratory protection is recommended for use in airborne concentrations exceeding exposure limits.

Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Select glove material based on penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation.

Material of gloves:

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material cannot be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material:

The exact break-through time has to be determined and observed by the manufacturer of the protective gloves.

Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles



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· Body protection:



Protective work clothing

· Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment: Keep away from drains, surface and ground waters. Avoid release into the environment.

9 Physical and Chemical Properties

 Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information 		
 Appearance: Form: Color: Odour: Odor threshold: 	Paste White Acrylic-like Not determined.	
· pH-value @ 20 °C (68 °F):	7.5-8.5	
 Change in condition Melting point/Melting range: Boiling point/Boiling range: 	Not determined. >37.78 °C (>100 °F)	
· Flash point:	>93.89 °C (>201 °F) (Closed Cup)	
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.	
· Ignition temperature:	≥435 °C (≥815 °F)	
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Auto igniting:	Product is not self-igniting.	
· Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.	
 Explosion limits: Lower: Upper: 	≥0.4 Vol % ≤3.2 Vol %	
· Vapor pressure @ 20 °C (68 °F):	2.3 kPa	
 Density @ 20 °C (68 °F): Relative density: Vapor density: Evaporation rate: 	1.68 g/cm³ (14.0196 lbs/gal) Not determined. Not determined. .33 (butyl acetate = 1)	
 Solubility in / Miscibility with: Water: 	Soluble.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.		
· Viscosity: Dynamic: Kinematic:	15-40 g/s Not determined.	
· Solvent content:		
Solids content:	82.9 %	(Contd. on page 9)



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· Other information:

No further relevant information available.

0 Stability and Reactivity

- · Reactivity: Stable under normal conditions.
- · Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:
- When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions: No dangerous reactions known.
- · Conditions to avoid: High temperatures and incompatible materials.
- Incompatible materials:

Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

 Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

1 Toxicological Information

- · Information on toxicological effects:
- · Acute toxicity:

85-68-7 B	RP	
Oral	LD50	2,330 mg/kg (Rat)
	Natural limest	
Oral	LD50	6,450 mg/kg (Rat)
	7 Titanium Dio	
Oral	LD50	>10,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	LD50	>10,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Inhalative		>6.82 mg/l (Rat)
		etroleum), hydrotreated light
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hy	/droxide
Oral	LD50	350 mg/kg (RAT) Remarks: Gastrointestinal: Other changes. Liver: Other changes. Kidney, Ureter Bladder: Other changes.
Inhalative	LC50/96 hours	8.2 mg/l (Pimephales)
127087-87	-0 Nonylpheno	I Polyethylene Ethoxylate
Oral	LD50	16,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	LD50	4,490 mg/kg (Rabbit) (24 hr occluded contact)
Inhalative	LC50/96 hours	3.8-6.2 mg/l (Pimephales)
	LC50/48 hrs	9.3-21.4 mg/l (Water flea)
14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)		
Oral	LD50	>22,500 mg/kg (Rat)
Inhalative	LC50/96 hours	1,033 mg/l (Trout)

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Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

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- · Primary irritant effect:
- On the skin:

Irritant to skin and mucous membranes. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- · On the eye: Irritating effect.
- Additional toxicological information: The product shows the following dangers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: Irritant

· Carcinogenic categories:

· IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

"In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicate dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled"

(a) Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possible carcinogenic to human (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in cosmetics or in paints."

(b) OSHA does not regulate Titanium Dioxide as a carcinogen. However, under 29 CFR 1910.1200 the SDS must convey the fact that Titanium Dioxide is a potential carcinogen to rats.

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans

Group 2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans

Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

Group 4 - Probably not carcinogenic to humans

•			
85-68-7	BBP	3	
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	2B	
1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	2B	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	1	
NTP (National Toxicology Program):			
14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2) K			
OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration):			
None of the ingredients are listed.			
12 Ecological Information			

· Toxicity:

· Aquatic toxicity:

Avoid release into the environment. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.



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13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide					
EC50 >1,000 mg/l (Water flea)					
64742-47-8 Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light					
EC50 25 mg/l (Trout) (OECD Test Guideline 203, 96 hour, Static Test)					
1336-21-6 Ammonium Hydroxide					
EC50 0.66 mg/l (Daphnia)					
0.66 mg/l (Water flea)					
14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)					
EC50 218 mg/l (Green algae)					
· Persistence and degradability: No further relevant information available.					
· Behavior in environmental systems:					
• Bioaccumulative potential: No further relevant information available.					
• <i>Mobility in soil:</i> No further relevant information available.					
• Ecotoxical effects:					
• <i>Remark:</i> Very toxic for fish					
· Additional ecological information: · General notes:					
Water hazard class 3 (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water					
Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities.					
Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.					
Poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.					
Very toxic for aquatic organisms					
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:					

- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:
- PBT: Not applicable.

· vPvB:

1336-21-6 Ammonium Hydroxide

· Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

3 Disposal Considerations

· Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

· Uncleaned packaging

· Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

4 Transport Information

- · UN-Number:
- ·DOT

· ADR/ADN, IMDG, IATA

Non-Regulated Material UN3082



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Trade Name: PERI-BOND (PB-3) Clear	
 • UN proper shipping name: • DOT • ADR/ADN • IMDG • IATA • Transport hazard class(es): 	Non-Regulated Material UN3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BBP, Ammonium Hydroxide) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BBP, Ammonium Hydroxide), MARINE POLLUTANT ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BBP, Ammonium Hydroxide)
· DOT · Class:	Non-Regulated Material
· ADR/ADN	9 (M6) Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles
· Label: · IMDG, IATA	9
· Class: · Label:	9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles 9
· Packing group: · DOT	Non-Regulated Material
 ADR/ADN, IMDG, IATA Environmental hazards: Special marking (ADR/ADN): 	III Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: BBP Symbol (fish and tree)
 Special marking (IATA): Special precautions for user: Danger code (Kemler): EMS Number: Segregation groups: 	Symbol (fish and tree) Warning: Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles 90 F-A,S-F Ammonium compounds, alkalis
 Stowage Category Transport in bulk according to Annex II o MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: 	A f Not applicable.
• Transport/Additional information:	
 ADR/ADN Excepted quantities (EQ): 	Code: E1 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
· IMDG · Limited quantities (LQ):	5L (Contd. on page 13)



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 Excepted quantities (EQ): 	Code: E1
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
• UN "Model Regulation":	UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,
-	LIQUID, N.O.S. (BBP, AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE), 9, III

15 Regulatory Information

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: • SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization):

· Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):		
None of the ingredients are listed.		
· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):		
1336-21-6 Ammonium Hydroxide		
107-21-1 Ethylene glycol		
1897-45-6 Chlorothalonil (ISO)		
84-74-2 Dibutyl phthalate		
• TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):		
85-68-7 BBP		
1317-65-3 Natural limestone		
13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide		
64742-47-8 Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		
1336-21-6 Ammonium Hydroxide		
107-21-1 Ethylene glycol		
9036-19-5 Polyethylene glycol octylphenyl ether		
1897-45-6 Chlorothalonil (ISO)		
127087-87-0 Nonylphenol Polyethylene Ethoxylate		
14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)		
64742-65-0 Petroleum Base Oil		
2530-83-8 [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane		
111-46-6 Diethylene Glycol		
54193-36-1 Poly(methacrylic acid, sodium salt)		
84-74-2 Dibutyl phthalate		
25322-68-3 Polyethylene Glycol		
67762-90-7 Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica		
9014-93-1 Dinonylphenyl polyoxyethylene		
• TSCA new (21st Century Act): (Substances not listed)		
1897-45-6 Chlorothalonil (ISO)		
• California Proposition 65: Warning: This product contains a chemical known in the state of California to cause birth defects.		
• Chemicals known to cause cancer:		
13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide		
1897-45-6 Chlorothalonil (ISO)		

1897-45-6 Chlorothalonil (ISO) 14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)

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Trade Name: PERI-BOND (PB-3) Clear

Chomicala	known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:	
	utyl phthalate	
	known to cause developmental toxicity:	
85-68-7 B		
	hylene glycol	
•	Right-to-Know List:	
85-68-7		
	Natural limestone	
	Titanium Dioxide	
	Ammonium Hydroxide	
	Ethylene glycol	
	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	
	Quartz (SiO2)	
	Dibutyl phthalate	
25322-68-3	Polyethylene Glycol	
New Jersey	Special Hazardous Substance List:	
85-68-7	BBP	CA
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide	CO
1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	CA
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	CA
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	TE
Pennsylvar	ia Right-to-Know List:	
85-68-7	BBP	
1317-65-3	Natural limestone	
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide	
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	
1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	
	Diethylene Glycol	
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	
25322-68-3	Polyethylene Glycol	
Pennsylvar	ia Special Hazardous Substance List:	
85-68-7	-	
	Ammonium Hydroxide	
	thylene glycol	
	Chlorothalonil (ISO)	
	Dibutyl phthalate	

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OSHA HazCom Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and GHS Rev 03.

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Trade Name: PERI-BOND (PB-3) Clear

· Carcinogenic	categories:
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· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency):		
85-68-7 BB	P	С
84-74-2 Dib	utyl phthalate	D
• TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH):		
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	A4
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	A4
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	A2
· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health):		
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	

GHS label elements

The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

· Hazard pictograms:



· Signal word: Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labeling: BBP Titanium Dioxide Quartz (SiO2) Chlorothalonil (ISO) Hazard statements: H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H350 May cause cancer. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary statements: P201 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P202 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P261 Wash thoroughly after handling. P264 P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P321 Specific treatment (see supplementary first aid instructions on this Safety Data Sheet). P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.



OSHA HazCom Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and GHS Rev 03.

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Trade Name: PERI-BOND (PB-3) Clear

P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P391	Collect spillage.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· National regulations:

None of the ingredients are listed.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

6 Other Information

The information and recommendations in this safety data sheet are, to the best of our knowledge, accurate as of the date of issue. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create warranty, expressed or implied, and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. It is the responsibility of the user to determine applicability of

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this information and the suitability of the material or product for any particular purpose. · Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ADN: The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration TLV: Threshold Limit Value PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit **REL: Recommended Exposure Limit** Flam. Lig. 4: Flammable liquids - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4 Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A Eye Irrit. 2B: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2B Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation - Category 1 Carc. 1A: Carcinogenicity – Category 1A Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 1 Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard - Category 1 Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2 * Data compared to the previous version altered. SDS created by MSDS Authoring Services www.msdsauthoring.com +1-877-204-9106

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